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Kings of Nineveh after Nimrod

Uruk III — 2254-2252 = building of Babel
1. Lugal-zagesi . . . 25 — 2252-2227 = Nimrod

Kings of Babylon and Akkad

1. Saturnos . . . . . 56 — 2227-2171 = Sargon
2. Belos† . . . . . 62 — 2171-2109 = Narain-Sin, a grandson of Sargon who was adopted as his son and shared reign with his uncles. He was followed in Babylon by his son Shar-kali-šarī with 24 years - 2109-2085 as in some documents

† a descendant, Ninos, becomes king in Nineveh (at the death of Belos) while another son is in Akkad; see right column.

Kings of Assyria at Nineveh

1. Ninos	52	2109-2057	
2. Šamiram	42	2057-2015 *	
3. Zames, Ninyas	38	2015-1977	
4. Arios	30	1977-1947	
5. Aralios, Amyros	40	1947-1907	
6. Xerxes, Balios	30	1907-1877	
7. Amramithres	38	1877-1839	
8. Belochos	35	1839-1804	
9. Baleas	52	1804-1752	
10. Aladas	32	1752-1720	
11. Mamythos	30	1720-1690	
12. Machchaleos	38	1690-1652	
13. Spheros	22	1652-1630	
14. Mamylos	30	1630-1600	
15. Sparethos	40	1600-1560	
16. Askatades	40	1560-1520	
17. Amyntas	45	1520-1475	
18. Atossa	21	1475-1454	
19. Belochos	45	1454-1409	
20. Balatores	30	1409-1379	
21. Lamprides	32	1379-1347	
22. Sosmares	20	1347-1327	
23. Lampares	30	1327-1297	
24. Pannyas	42	1297-1255	
25. Sosarmos	19	1255-1236	
26. Mithreos	27	1236-1209	
27. Teutamos	32	1209-1177 ⊛	⊛ king during Greek war with Troy: 1193-1183.
28. Teuteos	40	1177-1137	
29. Thineus	30	1137-1107	
30. Derusos	40	1107-1067	
31. Eupalmes	38	1067-1029	
32. Laosthenes	45	1029-984	
33. Peritiades	30	984-954	
34. Ophrateos	20	954-934	
35. Ophatanes	50	934-884	
36. Akrazanes	42	884-844	
37. Sardanapalles	20	844-824	
38. Ninos	19	824-805	

* In 2015 Šamiram or Semiramis, having fled from her son Ninyas joined in a battle with Kartos of Armenia and was slain in 2015. The allies of the Armenians were the Guti who were defeated that same year after their king had reigned only 40 days in 2015.

"None of these kings waged famous deeds, said Ktesias; archaeology has not only confirmed his list of contemporaries at the city of Aššur.

Kings of Media follow, beginning with Arbakes in 805 B.C. See the Assyrian Eponym lists for year 805 and the assault on Media. Later kings of Assyria were centered at Nineveh. But earlier kings were ruling from the city Aššur, south on the Tigris. Archaeology has recovered their records. The Greeks (from the Medes) preserved these kings of Nineveh